

THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1772.]

1697
THE

[NUMB. 1545.]

NEW-YORK
OR,
GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

A size of BREAD, published 18th of Dec. 1771.
Flour at 22/- 9d. per Ct.
A White Loaf of finest Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz.
for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do, to weigh — 11.
for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.			
Wheat per Bushel	81. od.	Beef per Barrel	6/- 6d. od.
Flour	23. 6d.	Pork	5. 5d. od.
Brown Bread	24. od.	Salt	2/- 6d. 2d. od.
West-India Rum	45. od.	Bohea Tea	4. od.
New-England ditto	21. 6d.	Chocol. per Doz.	18. od.
Muscovado Sugar	32. 6d.	Bees Wax	5. od.
Single refined ditto	15. od.	Indian Corn	4/- 6d. Bushel
Molasses	15. 6d.	Wood	22. 10 3d.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.			
C's Age.	High Water.	H. M. H.	High Water.
THURSDAY	9	after 5	7 before 7
FRIDAY	10	5	7
SATURDAY	11	5	7
SUNDAY	11	5	7
MONDAY	12	5	7
TUESDAY	13	5	7
WEDNESDAY	14	5	7
Days 13 Hours 46 Min. the 13th.			

New-York, Augt. 4. 1772.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the few Tickets of the Second New-Castle Lottery, that are unfold, will be disposed of at Powles Hook, from Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, 'till Six, of every Afternoon, Sundays excepted, 'till the Sale is completed, where a Person will attend for that Purpose.

And as most of the above Tickets are engaged, such as intend to become Adventurers, are desired to be speedy in their Application, at the Time and Place aforesaid.

The Managers being obliged to attend a Supreme Court at New-Castle, for a considerable Part of this Month, and the Court House being the Place fixed for drawing the Lottery, have obliged the Gentleman interested in it, to postpone the Drawing 'till the 10th Day of September next; when it will positively commence, and continue from Day to Day, 'till it is completed.

All Persons in this Colony, who have had Tickets of the above Lottery to sell, are requested to return them without Loss of Time, to the respective Persons from whom they received them: And such as have had them in other Colonies (New-Castle excepted), are desired to be particular in returning any that may remain unfold, to this City by the First Day of September next.

43 48

STOLEN, OUT of the House of Isaac Youkrie, at Sing-Sing Landing, on Monday the 3d Instant, a Gold headed Cane, the Property of Lieutenant Colonel Thomas James, with his Cypher on the Top. Whoever will discover the Thief, or bring the Cane to the Printer hereof, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and no Questions asked.

43 48

DAVIES and MINNITT, HAVE just imported in the ship Hope, Capt. Stewart, from Liverpool.—A very large, general, and neat assortment of all kinds of Earthen Ware, which they sell upon the very lowest terms for cash, credit, or country produce, among which is some curious fancy ware, with a variety of Queen ware,—also white stone, black and agate of all sorts, wholesale or retail.

N. B. Goods carefully packed according to order, as many of their customers know from experience.

43 47

FOR DUBLIN, THE SHIP PRINCE OF WALES, CHARLES Mc KENZIE, Master; WILL sail in a few Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to G. & G. CUNNINGHAM, and Co. or said Master on board, lying at Walton's Wharf.

44 47

JOHN VAN VLEGK, has for Sale at his Stores, viz. in Dr. Peyster's Street, between Miss. Samuel Broome and Co. and the E. Market, as also at the Store lately occupied by Van Vleck and Kip, in Maiden Lane, opposite Mr. Benjamin Booth's, where he is now opening.

A NEAT and general assortment of EARTHEN and GLASS WARE imported in the Hope, Capt. Stewart, from Liverpool, consisting of Queen's enam'd, Tortoise-shell, green, barley white, gilt, delph, Nottingham, and black w'e, glass decanters, tumblers, &c. at the lowest rates; and shall be carefully packed up for country stores, and orders executed with the utmost exactness and expedition. Likewise best Virginia TOBACCO, hogtail, pigtail, and cut, manufactured, wholesale and retail.

43 47



JOURNAL;
THE
ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

Mr. Holt,
New-York, August the 3d, 1772.
THE Justices and Vestrymen of this City, have this Day ordered that Notice be given, by publishing this Order in your next Paper, to all Persons who are desirous of furnishing the Poor-House, in this City, with Beef, Tallow, Veal, Mutton, and Lamb, by the Pound for one Year, to make an Estimate of what they can furnish the above Articles for: and deliver in the same at the said Poor-House, on the first Monday in September next, for Examination—Those Persons who shall incline to contract with the Justices and Vestry, are hereby notified, that no Allowance or Abatement whatsoever, will be made them, at the End of the Year, should Provisions unexpectedly rise, from the Badness of the Season, Scarcity of Cattle, or otherwise.
Signed by Order of the said Justices and Vestry,
AUGUSTUS COURTLANDT, Ch.

Thursday Afternoon arrived the Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Goddard, with the Mail from Falmouth, by whom, and other late Vessels, we have the following Advertisements, viz.

CADIZ, APRIL 19.

We are informed by letters from Mogador of the 20th of February last, that the foreign merchants settled at Safie and Santa Cruz had received orders to quit those two places in the space of forty days: That the first of those ports had been granted to the Genoese Company exclusively, on condition that it receives all the returns in merchandise which two Jews appointed by that Prince shall purchase and deliver, on his account, to the said Company, without any stipulation as to the quality or price of such merchandise. The other part, it seems, is ceded to two rich Jews, but on what conditions are not yet known. This strange revolution must greatly affect the foreign trade established in Barbary.

Rome, April 25. Prince Edward Stuart and the Princess of Stolberg his spouse, preceded by several running footmen, and followed by four coaches and six, arrived in this capital last Wednesday afternoon. The Princess was accompanied by the Colonel of the regiment of Fitz James in the French service, and a French lady, to whom the Princess's mother consigned her at Paris. Cardinal York arrived on Friday morning on purpose to make them a visit, and after having conversed till evening with his brother and sister-in-law, he returned to France.

Prague, May 2. The price of bread is risen again in this city; and in the country there is none to be had at any rate, so that the poor inhabitants are perishing by famine. The mortality continues to such a degree, that it will be a long time before the country can be re-peopled. What is to be lamented in this time of general scarcity, is, that the lands do not produce half their value, as nobody is able to be at the least expence: for this reason, all trades are at a stand; the handcraftsmen has nothing to do; the circulation of money is entirely stopped, and consequently our misery must increase daily.

Paris, May 9. There is a great tumult at Bourdeaux. The Parliament refuse to register the edict for the twentieth pennies, and it is even feared that they will go so far as to forbid the gathering of the tax. Marshal Richelieu, it is thought, will be obliged to go thither to quell the disturbance, which is the more astonishing, as the continuation of the two twentieth pennies has been registered in all the other Parliaments of the kingdom.

Hamburg, May 10. The Hollander expect every hour to hear of the Emperor of Morocco's having declared war against them.

LONDON.

May 16. A letter from Dublin, after reporting the emigrations from different parts of that kingdom, concludes thus:—"Let a humane spectator take a view of our depopulated country, and it cannot fail in his breast to raise the most melancholy and affecting reflections; villages without inhabitants, farms without tenants, cultivated lands running wild, and all originally owing to the cruel and oppressive landlords. Our people throng to America; and who can blame them? Totally unable here any longer to exist by the exertion of industry, they prefer a land flowing with milk and honey to that of famine and abject slavery."

Pride, laziness, and an inordinate love of riches, prevailed over the Spaniards to forsake their native country for the mines of Mexico and Peru; a very different and far more reasonable motive induces the British emigrants, viz. to labour and eat.

One Cudjoe, a black, by the death of an aunt, became last week possessed of a fortune of 2000l. This black was sent over as a present to the late Lord Halifax, as a grateful acknowledgment for his having interested himself so warmly in the cause of the two young African Princes, who were here in the last reign. When Lord Halifax was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, he made this Cudjoe state trumpet, which place he still enjoys.

May 19. It is said that Samuel Martin, Esq; has obtained a reversionary grant in the Exchequer of 1200l. per annum for him and his heirs.

JOHN POTTER.

Two causes of very great importance to the liberty of the subject are expected to be determined during the course of the present term; the first is Alderman Townsend's question on the land tax; the second Mr. Stephens's question relative to the *acte clem* part of the process, which by a fiction of law supposes a debtor to be guilty of an assault to justify his imprisonment for insolvency.

A gentleman has favoured us with the following account of the bloody execution in Denmark, which, as it is more full and particular than any yet published, we lay it before our readers.

Copenhagen, April 28.

"The sentence of death which was published on Saturday last, before the Commission of Enquiry on the late Counts John Frederick Struensee, and Enevold Brandt, is since confirmed by his Majesty, and is as follows: The abovementioned Counts, according to the Danish law, book VI. c. 4. art. 1. have forfeited their honours, lives, and estates, and are to be deprived of all the honours which had been conferred on them, their coats of arms, as Counts of the realm, broken before them by the executioner, their right hand and head cut off with an ax, their bodies quartered and fastened on wheels, but the heads and hands fixed on poles. On publication of the sentence, some of the populace were admitted to hear it. All their crimes were enumerated before the sentence passed, viz. that Struensee had embezzled near six tons of gold out of the King's treasure, issued many orders of the Cabinet without the knowledge of his Majesty, been guilty of criminal conversation * * *, and had opened the King's letters.

"That Brandt having known, and been privy to all the crimes of Struensee, and his criminal conversation * * *, and laid violent hands on the sacred person of the King, &c.

"Yesterday it was made known that the execution was fixed for to-day. The timber for building the scaffold had been previously brought to a place before the east gate, called the City Field, and was erected yesterday with the usual ceremonies on such occasions, under the sound of a band of music; it was about sixteen feet high and fourteen square. This morning early, when both the convicts had been prepared by two clergymen for their untimely end, and received the sacrament in the presence of the officers on duty, Mr. Ortved, the King's Sheriff, and Counsellor of the State, came at eight o'clock into the citadel, called Frederickshaven, to conduct them to the place of execution. They were separately conveyed thither in a hackney-coach, in company of the officers under whose custody they were. Each carriage was escorted and surrounded by a party of dragoons with drawn swords, and some infantry of different regiments in garrison had formed a line of circumvallation round the scaffold, and in their rear was a detachment of dragoons. Lieutenant General Eichsteadt was at seven o'clock in the morning at the place of execution, and had given the above orders. The marines marched out in separate bodies, though without forming themselves round the scaffold. The number of spectators was incredible. The populace began leaving the city at four in the morning. About eight o'clock two clergymen arrived in their own carriages. The executioners (one of the city, and the other of the marines) arrived likewise, and gave necessary orders on the scaffold. The first was to do the execution (which he did) and the other was to assist him. Before the arrival of the clergymen and executors, every body was admitted on the scaffold to satisfy their curiosity. About nine o'clock the unhappy sufferers arrived, with the Sheriff, the Attorney General, and some servants belonging to the Court of Justice.

"They alighted without the line of circumvallation, and entered the doors of the scaffold, where Abbe Hee received Count Brandt. The Counsellor of the State, Mr. Ortved, the Attorney General, the servants of the Court of Justice, went immediately on the scaffold; Count Brandt, in company of Abbe Hee, followed and stood on the higher part thereof, being erected for that purpose. The Abbe held an admonishing and consolatory discourse to the Count, which he heard with a serious and unadmitted, though not unbecoming countenance, keeping his gold-laced hat on all the while. Then the judge read that part of the sentence in which his crimes were enumerated, during which he shagged his shoulders several times, and looked up to Heaven with a countenance that expressed his inmost sorrow and repentance. When the conclusion of the sentence was to be read, command was given to the infantry to present their firelocks, and all those on the scaffold took off their hats, which the Count did also, but put it on again with the rest. Abbe Hee held another discourse with a loud voice to him, under which he expressed several signs of devotion, mixed with rectitude of soul, shewing no fears of death. The Count spoke several times with his face steadfast to the Abbe. When he had done, the Abbe laid both hands on his head, administered to him the sacred benediction, and gave him up to the executioner.

"The executioner took the Count's coat of arms, which was painted on a panel for that purpose, shewed it to all the spectators, broke it in pieces, and flung it on the ground, saying aloud,

'This is not done without just reason, it is done deservedly: on which the Count threw his furr cloak off, and stood in a green suit laced with gold. He pulled off coat and waistcoat himself (having previously left into all the pockets, which it is supposed he was accustomed to do) he began to unbutton the shirt sleeve on his right hand, and took his stock off, when the executioner began to assist him, and pulled the collar of his shirt down. He knelt down of his own accord, and laid his head and right hand on the block, Abbe Hee continuing near and administering comfort to him. The execution was done in a moment. The Count died manly. The servants of the executioners came now forward, stripped the body naked, cut off the genitals, took out the entrails, put both into a tub, quartered the body, and conveyed it by means of a rope into a wagon under the scaffold, let down the tub, took the head, and after shewing it round to the spectators, cast it along with the hand into the waggon also.'

"Now they swept the scaffold, and strewed sand to hide the blood; after which Count Struensee, with Pastor Munster, appeared on it. The Count's countenance was serious, expressing devotion and humble repentance. As soon as he trod on the scaffold, he took his hat off, and did not put it on again. His sentence was proclaimed in the same manner as Count Brandt's. The clergyman held a short discourse to the Count, administered the sacerdotal benediction to him in the same manner as Abbe Hee did to Count Brandt, and gave him also up to the executioner. The executioner broke the Count's coat of arms with the same ceremony as before, and flung it on the ground. Count Struensee took a white handkerchief out of his pocket to give it to the executioner to blindfold him; but on being told that it was not necessary, he put it up again. He took his furr cloak and hat, put it aside, and began to undress himself, in which he was assisted by the executioner; he also kneeled down of his own accord. When the executioner had laid him a-right, and cut off the hand, he rose a little from the block, but in a very moment the head was severed from the body: mean while Pastor Munster continued to speak to him. The manhood and entrails were put into a separate tub, and the body, after being quartered, was let down into another wagon. Both of them were conveyed without the west gate of the city, and there fastened on wheels on a conspicuous place. The spectators were excessively quiet during the whole of the execution. The scaffold was ordered to remain standing. The rooms in which the Counts had been confined are prepared for two more state prisoners; from whence it is supposed the tragical and bloody scene is not yet ended."

May 21. It is said that Struensee retracted his confession, nor would the testimony of several of the witnesses have been thought valid even by an inquisitor.

A report circulates, that Lord Mansfield will resign soon after the recess of Parliament, and that he will be succeeded by Sir Fletcher Norton, as chief Justice of the King's Bench, who will be created an English Peer. That Mr. Thurlow, the Attorney General, is proposed by the Ministry to succeed Mr. Fletcher Norton, as Speaker of the House of Commons; and Mr. Wedderburne to be Attorney General.

Letters from Naples, brought by yesterday's mails, bring an account of a terrible storm of hail, attended with thunder and lightening, which had happened at Giregenti in Sicily, by which all the fruits of the earth were destroyed, and a vast number of cattle, and twenty-four persons killed. The hail stones weighed twenty ounces. The Commandant of the town, in order to dispel the storm, caused several shots to be fired at it, but the cloud being at that time perpendicular over their heads, fresh lightening fell from it, and killed several of the cannoneers.

By letters from Cadiz, over land, dated April 1, we learn that a Jew, whose name is Guidalia, has farmed of the Emperor of Morocco, the ports of Saffi and Santa Cruz, so that no ships can now enter either of these two ports, without a permit or license from this Jew merchant.

May 22. By advices from Copenhagen, which arrived on Wednesday through a private hand, we hear, that the King of Denmark seems absolutely inconsolable at the execution of the state prisoners, and complains in the most acrimonious terms, that the Queen Dowager has broken her faith with him; as according to a secret stipulation, the moment he signed the order for their decollation, she, to reconcile the people to a pardon, was to become a matrrix for their lives.

May 23. Orders have been sent to the Tower for getting ready one hundred thousand fire arms, for the use of his Majesty's government at Hanover.

May 24. The civilian printers who were examined last week at the public office in Bow-street, were brought up again yesterday for further examination. Messrs. Peirpoint and Gravet, linen-drapers, proved their receiving of them large quantities of linen and cotton goods to print, which they shipped unprinted, on board the John Galley, Captain Sims, for Boston in New England. It appeared that they had been receiving goods during almost the whole month of March last, a considerable part of which, one of them (in the name of Young) was contracting for their passage to Boston; and made various inquiries of Captain Sims respecting the commodity they were going to; especially with regard

to the river of spring water, inquiring how near they were situated to Boston, &c. saying he proposed to engage in the business of a dyer, &c. Sir John Fielding observed; that the crime of these people was attended with particular aggravation, as they were going to take goods and patterns to America, to counteract a principal manufactory of England. Since last week Council's opinion has been had on this important case, which is too clearly against the prisoners. The several parties were bound to prosecute at the Old-Bailey session; and if conviction should be the consequence of indictment, the punishment assigned is transportation for 14 years.

May 26. The politicians of the continent pretend to foresee, that the true between Russia and the Porte will have no effect, and that it will not be followed by a peace.

The last letters from Copenhagen advise, that the sentences against the unfortunate Struensee and Brandt are just published; but instead of satisfying the public, have excited a general compassion for them, and an abhorrence of their barbarous execution; and in short they are now looked upon as victims of state, sacrificed to the ambition and hatred of their enemies. These letters add, that the Queen Caroline Matilda was preparing to set out for Hanover towards the end of the present month.

The two Sheriffs, Wilkes and Bull, were this day arrested at Guildhall, for debts to the amount of near 400l. incurred by their acceptance of insufficient bail.

This morning between ten and eleven o'clock, about a thousand journeymen cabinet-makers, chiefly North Britons, assembled in St. James's Square, and proceeded thence in a body to Colonel Luttrell, the spurious member for Middlesex, who lives in May Fair, with a petition to be by him presented to the House of Commons, complaining, that some foreign Ministers have imported large quantities of goods from abroad, to the injury of the cabinet-making business.

It is certain, that Colonel Luttrell has, for some days past, employed several agents to procure for him the (supposed) honour of presenting this petition.

May 28. Advices have been received from Holland, that they are making great preparations there to carry on the war against the Algerines with the utmost vigour.

They write from Madrid, that in the night of the 4th instant, one of the great Officers of the Court was arrested by the King's order, and sent to Grenada. His Secretary was also arrested and sent to Valladolid.

May 30. Yesterday his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester had the greatest levee known for many years past, at his house in Grosvenor-square: A great number of the nobility, foreign Ministers, gentry, and most of the officers of his own regiment were present, and the number of the carriages were near 200.

Lord William Manners died worth 400 000. exclusive of his family estate, all of which he is supposed to have acquired by play. By this will he has left a legacy of 10,000l. to his brother, the Duke of Rutland; to his three daughters and a grand daughter, 11,000l. each; to his three younger sons, 15,000l. each; to the Marquis of Granby, his family estate, originally worth 600. per annum; and the residue to his eldest son John Manners, Member of Newark.

Letters from Hamburg say, that all the accounts from Berlin, announce that the King of Prussia is going to augment his troops, and that it is supposed there are grand projects in agitation. Our letters from Vienna hold the same language; they positively assert that a resolution has been taken in Council not to disband any part of their forces; but that on the contrary, orders are given for raising four or five new regiments.

The Wolf-sloop of war, of 26 guns, at Portsmouth, is ordered to be got ready for an adroit boat to the West Indies, America, and Newfoundland.

June 2. They write from Petersburg, that the Imperial Majesty has formed a design (and is preparing to carry it into execution) of establishing a company of merchant adventurers, for carrying on a trade to the East-Indies.

The Princess of Stolberg, lately married to the Pretender, is grand niece to the late Lord Aylesbury, her mother being the daughter of his sister, who married Prince Horn. A gentleman who saw her lately says, she is very handsome.

A letter from the Hague mentions, that the Emperor of Morocco has already declared war against the Dutch, and hostilities had commenced on both sides. It is said, that a Great Personage has received a letter, written in the hand of the K. of Denmark, wherein he excuses himself from any knowledge of the late revolution; and laments the necessity he was under of signing the order for the Queen's imprisonment.

June 4. A correspondent has sent us the following anecdote respecting the Duke of Gloucester's marriage, which he affords us may be depended upon:—His Royal Highness upon his return to England insisted that his Duchess should be acknowledged as such, and declined appearing at Court till this step had been taken. In answer to this he was told that the K. could not, with any propriety, suffer his marriage to be noticed while the D. of Cumberland remained in disgrace; that he had for a long time received the Duchess at all private parties at the Queen's Palace, and would continue to do so with the honours due to her rank, and that this ought to be satisfactory to the Duke, at least at present. The Duke not contented with this answer still absented himself from the court, and represented the absolute necessity of the K.'s compliance with his demand for the sake of the children he has by the Duchess, [there are two or three, our correspondent believes three] whose legitimacy must be publicly ascertained for fear of any contest with the descendants of the D. of Cumberland. The K. still refused, but the Duke continuing firm, a compromise was at last proposed. The acknowledgement of the rank at Court could not take place, at least at present, but the Duchess should be allowed to take such steps, as she might think proper to secure her own and her children's rights. This, with some other concessions to the Duke, brought him to Court; but whether the Duchess will appear there or not is yet uncertain.

The St. Mark and St. Philip, Nicholas Massé, bound to Mavre de Grace, in the lat. 46° 14' long. 13° 14' on the 24th ult. spoke with the Po Montreal, all well.

The Turks, by the assistance of the fleet in readiness, as well known, who have now only to be carried out by the Danes to sea; and it is believed that the Turks are not in earnest about carrying the war on.

June 5. Notwithstanding the articles which the French have now agreed to, the greatest revolution will have happened in any age, with the greatest importance to Great Britain.

YORK, June 2. Some French who are perfectly acquainted with manufacturing plate glass, established at Ravenhead, a few miles from the town, several men of extensive fortune, a Gentleman of great wealth, and a French method by which plates are larger than by the English method, and the men have their lives.

BRISTOL, May 28. respondent informs us, was insulted in Castle Street, suddenly round him, and the name of Talbot from one end of the street.

DUBLIN, May 26. On the Rotunda, a riot among servants, occasioned by a master to rush in among the servants, who were ordered to fire, by the master, and wounded.

KINGSTON Extract of a letter from his friend in this April, 1772.

"Were I to give you since you left it you would my letter, I believe, as it duels, and drownings, however the dismal story it is said, Lieutenant Thomas was Commissary at Mandib about his negroes, whom Thomas drawing his sword, prepared, when Harrison in which was a sword, himself with it, but he received the shoulder, and fell; the eye and nose; Harrison murder him, which incensed Thomas more, stabbed him through the told, it is not known yet taken into custody."

"The duels at Pensacola; Mr. Campbell and the Court of Admiralty, after much ado, met at other and became friends.

"Since writing the Thomas is brought to and find upon enquiry, he able an account to be given of a wicked a murder as ever was called by the title.

BOSTON Last Saturday afternoon here in 16 days from St. learn, that a fleet of 16 Spanish capital ships, and a number passed by the windward island, but that on the evening two of them, viz. a ship of 40, being separated from the ran ashore at 12 o'clock the end of Anguilla, where the pieces; but the crews, consisting all got safe ashore, drowned:—They also save on board, and a considerable number of articles of great value had been lost by the wreckers from Coracao very diligent in picking up not known upon what design.—The inhabitants of Anguilla of the Spaniards did not orbitant prices for the necessities of the other islands, they had all kinds immediately sent to Binney came away were all carry them, with what effect Rico.

By the Captains Mazy and Salem last week from Dominica, it on the 4th of last month, a considerable number of troops, said to be for St. Vincent, accompanied by a force of 1000 men, under the command of Admiral was designed to take and subdue the island, some thousands of whom up a breast work a few miles from

now near they were
ed to engage in the
ing observed; that
with particular ag-
oods and patterns to
factory of England,
en had on this im-
the prisoners. The
e at the Old-Bailey
consequence of in-
transportation for 14

14th ult. spoke with the Peters, Woder, from London to
Montreal, all well.
The Turks, by the assistance of the French, are getting a
fleet in readiness, as well knowing the condition of the Rus-
sians, who have now only the two line of battle ships that
were carried out by the Danish Admiral Aasi, capable of go-
ing to sea; and it is believed by the Greeks, that the
Turks are not in earnest about a peace, as the Russians must
sue for one, having neither credit, money, men, or ships,
sufficient to carry the war on another year.

JUNE 5. Notwithstanding the fair prospect there
now is of a reconciliation taking place between the
Grand Signor and the Empress, it is said there are
some articles which the latter will make a point of
insisting on, which the former will sooner be deposed
than acquiesce in. Should this be the case, the
greatest revolution will be brought about that ever
happened in any age, which, perhaps, will be of no
small importance to Great-Britain.

YORK, June 2. Some men have been enticed from
France who are perfectly acquainted with the French method
of manufacturing plate glass; a great manufactory is now
establishing at Ravenhead, near Preston, in Lancashire, by
several men of extensive fortunes, on the estate of Mr. Mac-
kay, a Gentleman of great property in that county. This
French method by which plates of glass can be made much
larger than by the English mode, has been kept a profound
secret, and the men have been procured at the hazard of
their lives.

BRISTOL, May 28. Friday evening last a con-
siderable informant informs us, that the Rev. Mr. Talbot
was insulted in Castle Green by a mob, who gathered suddenly round him: the blood of Britain
and the name of Talbot, with execrations echoing from one end of the street to the other.

DUBLIN, May 26. On Friday, at the ball at the
Rotunda, a riot arose among the gentlemen's
servants, occasioned by some of them attempting to
rush in among the company, when the guard
were ordered to fire, by which several persons were
wounded.

KINGSTON (JAMAICA) July 4.
*Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Pensacola
to his friend in this town, dated the 19th of
April, 1772.*

"Were I to give you all the news of Pensacola,
since you left it you would give me little thanks for
my letter, I believe, as it would be full of murders,
duels, and drownings. I cannot help mentioning
however the dismal story of George Harrison's death;
it is said, Lieutenant Thomas of the artillery, who
was Commissary at Manchac, quarrelled with him
about his negroes, whom Thomas had abused, and
Thomas drawing his sword demanded if he was
prepared, when Harrison unscrewed a stick he had,
in which was a sword, and attempted to defend
himself with it, but he received a wound in his right
shoulder, and fell; the other then ran him thro'
the eye and nose; Harrison entreated him not to
murder him, which instead of cooling seem to incense
Thomas more, who with dreadful menaces
stabbed him through the heart. Thus is the story
told, it is not known yet here whether or not he is
taken into custody."

"The duels at Pensacola have ended more hap-
pily; Mr. Campbell and Mr. McCullah, fell out at
the Court of Admiralty, and came to blows, and
after much ado, met at Gage Hill, fired at each
other and became friends again.

"Since writing the foregoing paragraphs, M.
Thomas is brought to Pensacola to take his trial,
and find upon enquiry, he does not deserve so favour-
able an account to be given of him, for it was as
wicked a murder as ever was perpetrated by any that
ever was called by the title of Christian."

BOSTON, August 3.
Last Saturday afternoon Capt. Binney arrived
here in 16 days from St. Martins, by whom we
learn, that a fleet of 16 Spanish men of war, chiefly
capital ships, and a number of transports, lately
passed by the windward islands bound to the Hay-
nass, but that on the evening of the 6th of July last
two of them, viz. a ship of 74 guns and another of
40, being separated from the rest in a squall of wind,
ran ashore at 12 o'clock the next night on the east
end of Anguilla, where they both soon after beat to
pieces; but the crews, consisting of upwards of 700
men, all got safe ashore, excepting 12 who were
drowned:—They also saved what money they had
on board, and a considerable quantity of very val-
uable goods, tho' as it was blustering weather, many
articles of great value had drifted from them, which
the wreckers from Coracao and other places were
very diligent in picking up as free plunder.—It was
not known upon what design this fleet was intended.
—The inhabitants of Anguilla taking an advan-
tage of the Spaniards distress made them pay ex-
orbitant prices for the necessities they supplied them
with; but their misfortune being soon known at
the other islands, they had plenty of provisions of
all kinds immediately sent them; and before Capt.
Binney came away were about engaging vessels to
carry them, with what effects were saved, to Porto
Rico.

By the Captains Matury and Lander, who arrived
at Salem last week from Dominico, the latter of whom
left it on the 4th of last month, we are informed, that a con-
siderable number of troops, said to be about 5000, had sailed
for St. Vincent, accompanied by a squadron of men of
war, under the command of Admiral Man. This armament
was designed to take and subdue the Carabean Indians of that
island, some thousands of whom were said to have thrown
up a breast work a few miles from the principal town, de-

termined to defend themselves, being supplied with arms
and ammunition by the French at Martinico. Capt. Lander
heard, before he sailed, of the arrival of the troops at St.
Vincent; and that they were preparing, with the utmost
expedition, to make an attack upon the Indians, who were
said to be well disciplined, and were provided with several
field pieces. It was thought there would be a smart contest.
—These Indians being encouraged and supported by the
French, with whom they persisted in carrying on trade, in
defiance of the British Government, is the occasion of this
expedition.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, August 5.
Monday last arrived here the ship Chalkley, Capt.
Spain, from Bristol, which he left the 31st of May,
and informs, that a snow was to sail in about 10
days, and the ship Ellin, Capt. Clark, in 3 weeks,
both for New York.

Capt. Goodhue from Salem, N. E. the 27th ult.
in lat. 39. 16. long 73. 30. spoke a sloop from Bar-
bados, for New London, who informed, that some
time before, in lat. 18. long. 61, he fell in with a
vessel bound for St. Eustatia who was in distress,
from which he took all the people, eight in number,
and the vessel soon after sunk.

On Tuesday week, Richard Jollett, a young man,
aged about 18 years, born in or near the city of Bris-
tol, in England, and lived with Messrs. James and
Drinker, of this city, merchants, was unfortunately
drowned in the river Delaware, where he went to
bathe. This sudden and melancholy event—the loss
of a promising youth, whose cheerful and easy manners
had gained him the love and esteem of all who
knew him, occasioned them great distress. On
Thursday his body was taken up nearly opposite Arch-
street, and in the evening decently interred in Christ's
Church burial ground, in this city, attended thither
by a large number of respectable inhabitants.

A L B A N Y, August 3.

On Saturday the 27th Ult. his Excellency the Governor
with his Family, &c. arrived at the Seat of Sir William
Johnson, Bart. to which they were escorted by the Troop of
Horse from Schenectady, who made a handsome Appearance.
At Johnstown, the Capital of Tryon County, his Excellency
was received by Colonel Johnson's Regiment of Militia,
who lined the Street and paid him the usual Compliment.
At Johnson Hall he was received by a considerable Body of
Indians under Arms, and saluted by a discharge of the Cannon,
which was answered by Volleys of small Arms from the
Regiment at Johnstown. We likewise hear, that some
large Purchases of Indian Lands have been since perfected
in his Excellency's Presence.

N E W - Y O R K, August 13.

We hear from the Wall Kill, in Ulster County, that a
few Days past, at One Francis Bedine was walking towards
his Door, he was observed by his Wife and a Gentleman
then in the House, to stagger and reel, they immediately
took hold of him to Lead him to the Bed; the Gentleman
said to the Man's Wife, "your Husband is Dying." "Lord
have Mercy on me" says she, "I am a Dying also," and
they both expired in a few Minutes, without uttering another Word.
A striking instance of the uncertainty of Life, and
a loud Call to all to be up and doing, and to obey these
Words.—Be ye also ready.

We hear from Newburgh, in Ulster County, that on Fri-
day the 7th Instant, the House of Samuel Sands, Esq; was
struck with Lightning, and much Damaged; a Negro Man
and Woman were struck down so that their Lives are De-
paired of; but providentially no more of the Family were
Hurt, altho' as One of his Daughters had a Pewter Plate in
her Hand, the whole Rim was melted off in one Lump, ex-
cept where she had hold of it. In this the good Providence
of God is conspicuous!

Capt. Riker who has just arrived from North-Carolina,
says, that on the 29th July, in Lat. 34. 70, Long. 75. 30,
he spoke with the Brig Sally, Capt. Townend, of this Port,
10 Weeks out from London, bound to Cape Fear, all well
on board.

We have the pleasure to bear from Maryland, that the Account
(in our last) of the Murder of several Indians in An Arundel
County, is mere Fiction without any Foundation in Truth.

Mr. BRAUNTON, Surgeon to his Majesty's 4th Regiment,
has enter'd into Partnership with Mr. LATHAM, Surgeon
to the King's (or 8th) Regiment, for the Practice of Inoculation
according to the successful Sutonian System, for Canada.

Mr. Latham has removed from Claverack, to Livingston's
Manor.

At J. H O L T's Printing-Office,

In Burnet or Dock-Street, near the Coffee-House,
are to be sold, a variety of Books and Stationery, such as

W Coarse, middling and fine pot paper 21. to 25. quire

Coarse, middling and fine Fools Cap 21. to 25. quire

Fine thick and thin post

Fine quarto do. plain and gilt

Demy paper for wrapping

Bell writing parchment and Vellum

Middling and best Dutch quill

Bell black and red ink-powder, and patent cake ink

Middling and very best sealing-wax, black and red, hard
and soft.

Very good wafers, various sorts. Bell black lead pencils

Slates and pencils, small, middling and large

Blank memorandum Books, & quite quarto, and a quite

Folio's books in paper covers.

Black and red leather pocket books

Parchment and rough calf covered account books, long and
broad folio

Receipt books

Copper plate copy books, various kinds

Copper plate lines for writing straight

Battledores, horn books, and primers

Spelling books, testaments and bibles

Newberry books of various kinds, for children

Watts's divine songs for children,—also his hymns, psalms,

treatise on prayer—on divine love—on orthodoxy, his

astronomy, also his whole works complete

Doddridge's familiar dialogues for children, his treatise on

family religion, and many other of his works

A great variety of plays, pamphlets and novels; and a con-

siderable collection of other books

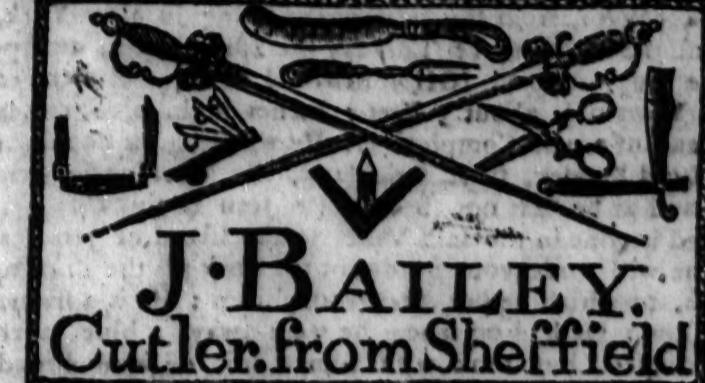
S A M U E L T U D E R,
Has just Imported by the Sambo, Capt. Gupar, from London,
and has for Sale, at his Store in Baynt-Street,
near the Fly-Market:

N E W r a i s i n s	Snuff of all kinds
and currants	Spices of all sorts
Jordan and foal shell almonds	Aniseed
Turkey figs	Caraway seed
English double and single re- fin'd sugar	Bell Mogul, Harry and Am- drew's cards
New-York single refin'd, and lump sugar	Oatmeal
Vermicilli	Bell London porter
Bell Durham mustard in casks and bottles	Bell Tanton ale
Pearl barley	Bristol beer
Soy and ketchup	Lemon juice and shrub
White and brown sugar	Flinglass
candy	Kite's foot and Oronoak tobacco
Split pease	Florence oil
Salt petre	Bitters
	Pepper
	Scotch barley

He has also for SALE.

The very best Jamaica spirits, West-India and New-York
rum; muicovado sugar, Flotong indigo, hyson, shousong,
congo and bohea tea, coffee, chocolate; Geneva and brandy,
old Malteira wine, claret, red and white port, Tenerif
wines, sweet wines, alspice,—and every other article in the
grocery way, wholesale and retail.

43-48

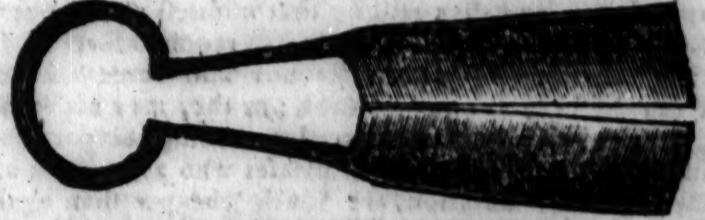


A L B A N Y, August 3.
At the Sign of the Cross Swords, the Corner
House opposite the Merchant's Coffee House,

HAS imported by the last vessels from England, a large
and general assortment of Cutlery Ware, besides those
of the best for which he is from time to time manufacturing.
He likewise continues to carry on the blacksmith's business
in all its branches; such as your finely polished Bath stoves,
to fit any fire place; the much esteemed perpetual oven, to
very convenient in families, fixed up in such a manner as to
require but little heat; smoke and other jacks, on the best
constructions, &c.

The said BAILEY returns his most respectful thanks for
past favours, and is determined by assiduity and punctuality to
merit them in future. He also cuts ladies or gentlemen's
names, and numbers for lines and books, in black or red ink
which will not wash out; exceeding convenient.

N. B. The advertiser has now for sale fullers shears.



I F WILLIAM HUNGATE, who
came over from London, in the Hope, some Time ago,
will apply to the Subscriber, he may hear of something
greatly to his Advantage, either by coming himself, or by
writing; or if any Person can inform the Subscriber if the
said William Hungate is living or dead, it will be gratefully
acknowledged by BENJAMIN DAVIES.

At the Sign of the
Brass Andiron and Candlestick,
Opposite to the House of Mr. Van Vleck, Merchant, near the
Old Slip-Market, New-York.

TWO hundred and fifty pairs of
brass and iron andirons of all sorts and sizes, of the
newest fashion.

A few dozen of tongs and shovels, and
A few fenders, open work, and plain.
To be SOLD by

J A C O B W I L K I N S,
Who makes and sells,
Pump chambers, mill brasses, and branding irons.
He has also for sale,

A quantity of cheap earthen ware fit for the country, such
as milk pans, baking dishes, porringers, bowls, basins and
platess. Also,

A parcel of Queen's Ware.
The above articles will be sold very low, as he has a great
quantity on hand.

A L S O,
Lamp and train oil by the gallon.

In the Press, and soon will be published.

The Evidence for the Truth of Christianity
made plain—from Matters of Fact.

I N A
S E R M O N.

Preached at Norwalk, January 28th, 1770, and at Trinity
Church in the City of New-York, July 5th, 1772, and at
St. George's-Chapel the same Day.

By JEREMIAH LEARNING, A. M.
Missionary at Norwalk, in Connecticut, from the Society for
the Propagation of the Gospel.

N E W - Y O R K, } s. PURSUANT to an Order of the Ho-
norable Daniel Hormanden and
George Duncan Ladew, Esquires, two of the Judges of the Supreme
Court of Judicature for the Colony of New-York, made the 10th
Day of August Instant; upon the Petition of Joseph Hauser of
Claverack, in the County of Albany, an insolvent Debtor, and
funder of his Creditors: Notice is hereby given, by the said Pe-
titiorer, to all the Creditors of the said Joseph Hauser, to New
Causes (if any they have) by Thursday the 8th Day of September
next, at the Chamber of the Honorable Daniel Hormanden,
Esq; Chief Justice of the Province of New-York; why an Af-
fagement of the Estate of the said Joseph Hauser, should not be
made to Peter Silverster, Esq; and Mr. Gerard Beckman, both
of the City of Albany, for the Benefit of all his Creditors, and
the said Joseph Hauser be therupon discharged, pursuant to an
Act of

POET'S CORNER.

The following Ode is, finely set to Musick,
SWEET Contentment, heav'ly bright,
Worshipp'd thro' the Worlds of Light;
Vaid of Thee, what's Wealth or Pow'?,
But the Pageants of an Hour?
Pride ne'er tafteth thy soft Repose,
Pomp and Grandeur are thy Foes;
Yet within, the Mois grown Cell,
Thou with Poverty castl dwellest.
See you humble Swains advance,
Beat the Ground in jocund Dance;
Hark, the merry Milk-Maids sing,
All beneath thy gladsome Wing;
Wide beams forth the eternal Ray,
All who would be happy may;
And howe'er we change the Name,
Virtue and Content's the same.

I. F. Elizabeth Ailsworth, who bound her son George Ailsworth, apprentice about 3 years ago, to a Gentleman from Virginia, will apply to the Printing-office, she will hear of something to her satisfaction.

42-43

FIFTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, living in New-York, on the Morning of Tuesday the 28th instant, an Apprentice Boy, named JOHN MARKLAND, between 16 and 17 Years old, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, black curly Hair, and of a pale Complexion: He was seen on board the Snow Lord Stanley, Capt. Strickland, the Morning he went away, and as he has not been since seen in this City, 'tis imagined is gone in the said Vessel to the Island of Jamaica, where he will endeavour no doubt to work at the Printing Business, to which he has been brought up: He is a sprightly Fellow: He had on when he went away a blue Jacket and Trowsers, but took with him a Suit of blue Broad-Cloth. The Subscriber will be much obliged to all the Printers in America, to publish this Advertisement in their Papers, and transmit the same to Jamaica; as soon as convenient, with a Request that the Printers there may, also publish the same. The above Reward will be paid by

HUGH GAINES.
N. B. Wanted, two sober good Print-Men, for the Printing-Business. Inquire of Hugh Gaine.

42-43

MACHINE to dress FLOUR.

THE King has been pleased to grant unto JOHN MILNE, of Manchester, his royal letters patent, for all his colonies in America, &c. for the sole making and vending his new invented machines, for the dressing the flour of wheat, &c. which machines are found to be of great utility, by all persons who have them in use; they not only make the flour look better, but also make it use better, as they make it more lively, and will dispatch three times as much business, in the same time, as the common method of bolting with cloths; and they will do that business at one operation, which is to be done with cloths, requires several, for they will dress fine flour, two seconds and three seconds, and clean the bran at one operation; or they may make two sorts, or only one sort of flour, by moving the partitions within the box just as the person pleases who attends it; and considering their duration are much cheaper than cloths. Also, his new invented machines for cleaning wheat, barley, &c. which takes out seeds, dust, &c. and will break and destroy snuff-balls; and give a brightness and lustre to the grain.

The said machines are to be sold by JOHN MILNE, and Co. at their house in Manchester; or by applying to James Milne (son of the said John Milne) who is now at Mr Needham's, opposite Beckmans-Slip, New-York.

Just IMPORTED, in the last Vessel from England, A fresh COLLECTION of the abovementioned MACHINES.

To the PUBLICK.

HAVING had an experience of Mr. Milne's new invented patent machine, for bolting flour and cleaning wheat, at my mill, where they are now to be seen at work, at Long-Island, I think it my duty to declare, that they are a curious, expedition, and elegant contrivance, and what, in my opinion, will answer every purpose for which they are designed, and likewise be of great service to the publick.

JACOB SEBRING, Jun.

To the PUBLICK.
I think it incumbent on me, for the good of the community, and particularly of those who are manufacturers of flour, to declare, that upon trial I have found Mr. Milne's machine answer the purpose of bolting, for which they are intended, infinitely better than the old method of doing it with cloths, as they really bolt three times as quick without the least exaggeration, and are a very ingenious contrivance.

Fish-Hill, Dutchess county, DERRICK BRINCKERHOFF.
July 25, 1772.

PERTH - AMBOY.
LATELY ERECTED,
And now opened, A NEW and CONVENIENT
BATH,

In which is a Room properly constructed to undress and dress in, with a Stair-Cafe leading into the Bathing Room, where Persons of either Sex may bathe in Salt-Water, in the greatest Privacy; and for those that choose to swim off into deeper Water, a Door is so placed in the Bath, that they can conveniently go out and return.

The Building is near the End of a Wharf opposite to the Bay: This Bath will be more beneficial, as at about two Miles Distance is a Mineral Water, similar to the German Spa, which hath proved of the greatest Efficacy in many Disorders; its proper Distance procuring moderate Exercise after bathing, has proved in many Instances very assistant to the Medicinal Quality of the Water; which with great Success have been directed, after bathing in Sea Water. The Qualities of this Spa, have been well examined by several Physicians of Ability, and frequently recommended by them, particularly by the present Doctor Johnson, as well as his Father.

N. B. Gentle Lodging can be procured in several private Families.

40-

READING.

WHEREAS his Majesty by his letters patent under the great seal of the province of New-York, hath granted to certain persons therein named, All that certain tract or parcel of land known by the name of READING, situate, lying and being on the west side of Connecticut river, in the county of Cumberland, within the province of New-York, beginning at the south west corner of a certain tract of land erected into a township by letters patent under the great seal of the province of New-York, by the name of WINDSOR, and runs thence north 74 degrees west, 480 chains; then north 23 degrees, east 33 chains; then south, 53 degrees, east 460 chains, to the north west corner of the said township of Windsor; and then along the west bounds of the said township of Windsor, south, 5 degrees, west 460 chains, to the place where this tract or parcel of land began; containing (inclusive of a certain lot of 60 acres reserved to his Majesty, and of certain lots therein granted for public uses) 12,000 acres of land, and the usual allowance for highways; and hath erected the same into a township by the name of READING. And whereas a grant of the same tract of land was, heretofore pretended to be made, by a certain instrument under the great seal of the province of New-Hampshire unto Zedekiah Stone, James Clemons, Jonas Butterfield, Joseph Martin, Joseph Stowell, Michael Mowatt, James Purman, Jonas Wheeler, John Wilson, Caleb Stone, William Negus, David Stone, Tharp Adams, Elijah Mattoon, Seth Heaton, Ebenezer Winslow, Joseph Chandler, Natum Willard, Daniel Poad, Jacob Amidell, Wiseman Clagget, Samuel Wentworth, of Portsmouth, Robert Tracy, Esq. Joshua Willard, Thomas Clemons, Israel Stowell, Jonathan Hammond, William Grimes, Nathan Stone, William Jackson Stearns, Jacob Adams, John Sawyer, John Wilder, Jun. John Hilton, Joseph Negus, Nathaniel Stevens, Philip Mattoon, Jonathan Soderson, David Niles, Simon Stevens, Jonathan Proctor, John Wait, Just Stone, Timothy Head, George Robinson, John Wilder, Joseph Stowell, William Smead, Nathaniel Soderson, Daniel Spooner, Thomas Stearns, William Temple, Timothy Paine, Isaac Butterfield, Henry Hilton, Capt. Thomas Palmer, Samuel Wentworth, of Boston, Henry Lloyd, Boston, Arthur Brown, Jun. George March, Daniel Warner, Esq. and Joseph Newmark, Esq. and to be erected into a township of that province by the name of READING;—And whereas it is intended that all persons interested in any of the said lands under the said pretended grant, (except as is herein after excepted) should, upon the terms, and under the provisions herein after mentioned, be enabled to, obtain a good title to their several shares and interests therein, under the grant thereof issued under the great seal of the province of New-York,—

PUBLIC NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all the persons above named, to whom the said pretended grant was originally made, as aforesaid; and to all other persons respectively possessed of, or interested in any of the said land, by, from, or under any of them, that all and singular their several interests respectively, in the said tract of land under the said pretended grant, shall be confirmed to them respectively, under the said grant thereof made as aforesaid under the great seal of the province of New-York, (except the share formerly allotted to Benning Wentworth, Esquire, containing the 600 acres reserved to his Majesty, as aforesaid) provided they apply for the same respectively, to the subscriber Nathan Stone, of Windsor, in the said county of Cumberland, Esquire, within one year after this notification, paying to him their respective proportions of all fees, charges, and disbursements, with the lawful interest thereof, which hath or shall arise, or grow due by reason of the issuing out the said letters patent; together with the costs and charges of the deeds and conveyances to be made to them respectively.

New-York, 24th June, 1772.

NATHAN STONE.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,
FOR disposing of a House and Lot of Ground now in the possession of William Elsworth, which lottery consists of 1200 tickets, at three dollars per ticket, 240 blanks and 482 prizes, the highest of which is the house and lot of ground above-mentioned, situated in the east ward of this city, in Queen-street, near Burling's Slip, rents at 75 pounds a year and the taxes; valued at 1200 pounds by the sworn appraisers of this city. As a blank deed is already made out, the adventurers may be assured that the fortunate number which shall draw the house and lot of ground, shall be put into possession, as soon as the lottery is drawn (subject to no deduction) which will be in a few days; when the fortunate numbers will be printed in hand-bills, and the prizes punctually paid.

WILLIAM ELSWORTH.

Some Tickets may be had of the Printer hereof.

New-York, 24th June, 1772.

THE STAGE COACH

BETWEEN

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON,

WHICH for the first Time sets out this Day from Mr. Fowler's Tavern, (formerly kept by Mr. Stout) at Fresh-Water, in New-York, will continue to go the Course between Boston and New-York, to as to be at each of those Places once a Fortnight, coming in on Saturday Evening and setting out to Return, by the Way of Hartford, on Monday Morning.

The Price to Passengers, will be 4d. New-York, or 9d. lawful Money per Mile, and Baggage at a reasonable Rate.

Gentlemen and Ladies who choose to encourage this useful, new, and expensive Undertaking, may depend upon Good Usage, and that the Coach will always put up at Houses on the Road where the best Entertainment is provided.

The Stage Coaches will next Trip arrive at New-York and Boston, on Saturday the 11th of July, and will set out from thence to Hartford on Monday the 13th, meeting at Hartford on Wednesday the 25th, where, after staying a Week, they will set out again on Wednesday the 3rd for New-York and Boston, where they will arrive on Saturday the 25th, and set out to return on Monday the 26th, &c.

If on Trial the Subscribers find Encouragement, they will perform the Stage once a Week, only altering the Day of setting out from New-York and Boston to Thursday, instead of Monday Morning.

JONATHAN and NICHOLAS BROWN.

28-

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office, near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

FRANCIS LEWIS and Son,

Have brought over with them from England, A General Assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season; most of which they purchased immediately from the Manufacturer, and will sell at the most reasonable Terms, at their Store in Queen-street, near the Fly-Market, lately occupied by Mr. John Morton. —————— their

FOR LONDON,

The SHIP SAMSON,

HENRY COUPAR, Master;

Lying at Murray's Wharf. A neat accommodations for Passengers; will be dispatched in a short Time; having a great part of her cargo ready, to put on board. For freight or passage apply to John Franklin, Samuel Franklin, or said master.

July 29th, 1772.

43-44

New-York, July 27, 1772.

WE ENT-OF with my husband, William Bolton, a notorious woman, named Mary Bradley, a common prostitute, whore, bawd and thief; which can be proved against her several times; of riding through this city on a cart, and afterwards was severely whipped at the public whipping post, and is likewise with child by another man: She is about five feet two inches high, square built, light brown hair, and has a child with her, and a boy about 6 or 7 years of age. The said Bolton, pretends to be a school master, is about 5 feet 2 inches high, of fair complexion, light brown hair, tied: Has on a light brown colour cloth coat, and a red plush jacket—as far as I am informed they practise nothing but robbing through the country, as is known to be a notorious thief, and pretends to be his wife; which I can prove to the contrary, as I was lawfully married to him by parson Johnson, of Albany, by the consent of his Colonel, as he was then a soldier:—She stole of Capt. Steven, seven miles this side of Stamford, a pocket book—the people pursued after them, but could not find them;—and likewise stole 35 yards of linen between Bedford and Castell, in New-England. And likewise stole from Mr. Samuel Ogden, of Horse-Neck, the 9th of last-June, several other things. Whoever apprehends the said William Bolton and the said Mary Bradley, and delivers them to the said keeper here, shall have eleven dollars reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by SARAH BOLTON.

N. B. Whoever apprehends them and secretes them in any of his Majesty's galleys, and directs to me at the widow Douglass's, back of the New-Gate, near the Barracks, shall be instituted to the above reward.

John Keating,

AT HIS PAPER MANUFACTORIES,

At and near New-York, makes

ALL sorts of paper and paste board, viz. Brown, whitened brown, & Wafle or wrapping paper, different Blue, and grey sizes,

Paper Sugar loaf, Paper Cartridge and prints

Priting and writing paper of various sorts and sizes

Paste board of all qualities and sizes

Which are to be sold at the lowest prices, at his store in Queen-street, near Burling's Slip, where he gives the best prices for Linen Rags, according to their quality and fineness.

When it is considered that the above paper and other articles manufactured here, make a clear saving to this country of all the money that would have been sent out to purchase them from abroad, it is hoped that all those who really wish to promote the interest of America, and of this country in particular, with which their own interest is closely connected, will contribute their aid to the success of this undertaking, which cannot be effectually done without constant care in saving and supplying him with those Linen rags, which are generally destroyed or thrown away as useless, tho' they are absolutely necessary to a paper manufacture, which cannot be carried on without them.

To add to the difficulty of procuring a sufficiency of rags, considerable quantities have been collected here and sent to other colonies, whereby their manufactures have been supplied, to the injury of our own, with this material article: And tho' the legislature have not yet thought proper to prohibit the exportation of it, yet it is hoped a due regard to their own interest will incline the inhabitants of this country to supply a manufactory among themselves, preferable to those of another colony.

N. B. Good encouragement will be given to journeymen paper-makers.

33—

THE Stage Wagon, being much encouraged, has erected a Stage Wagon to drive from Sag Harbor, on Long-Island, to Brooklyn Ferry, once every Week in Summer, and once a fortnight in the Winter Season. The Stage sets out from Brooklyn Ferry, with Passengers, at One o'clock in the Afternoon of Monday, and that Night puts up at Samuel Nicoll's, on Hempstead Plains, where a Wagon will be ready for their Reception on Tuesday Morning, to carry them to Epinet Smith's, at Smith-Town, and there exchange Passengers; and then proceed to Benjamin Haven's, at St. George's Manor; and on Wednesday Morning will set out from thence for Sag Harbor, where a Passage Boat will be ready to carry all Passengers to New-London; likewise Stages are established in the different Towns in Connecticut and Rhode-Island Governments, to carry Travellers to Boston. Terms for Passage, are at Jolley's, from Brooklyn Ferry to Samuel Nicoll's, 4s. each Person. From Samuel Nicoll's to Epinet Smith's, 4s. From Epinet Smith's to Benjamin Haven's, 4s. From Benjamin Haven's to Nathan Fordham's, 6s. Goods per hundred, 1 Penny per Mile.

And baggage at usual. Thus a Passenger may, in three Days, be conveyed 110 Miles on a pleasant Road for 18s. in a convenient Wagon, and meet with the best Entertainment. 'Tis intended the Waggon shall commence a fortnight by ship.

SAMUEL NICOLL,
BENJAMIN HAVEN,
NATHAN FORDHAM.

40—

[Left out of our last]
LONDON

May 7. They write from that the Prince of Brunswick entered into the Emperor's horse.

The minority, in either question, unless when they are divided. They do not their own weakness. They followed this prudent maxim St. James's with only two we have given great value of his Lordship's intellects.

The courtiers talk with us of the drawing room on. Where is the wonder, when 200 noblemen, and 500 gentlemen, in town, chiefly for

Nothing can be more unlikely than Mr. Garrick for keeping hiserry-lane beyond the usual seat imitates his royal master, together in St. Stephen's chancery of actors, sure, is as good as

May 11. They write to say conspiracy had been discovered in Sardinia, in which concerned, but the Viceroy being up the leaders, and dispersed.

It is reported that the States General have lately presented a memorial to the Spanish Court of encroachments of the French applied to the Courts of Gras for assistance.

Some letters from the Danish General have lately presented a memorial to the Spanish Court of two Dutch vessels high seas by a Spanish man-of-war.

A correspondent says, it Denmark whom Prince Ernst is to marry, that Prince has marry at this Court a fair occasion as her present unhappy can be dissolved.

A Duke dom has been offered but Lord North greatly failed, for what he has would, with the King's instance of his goodness, till further services to his country.

By the mail which arrived certain accounts, that another in Gadiz has failed there, to millions of dollars.

The Queen of Denmark sending letter to the King, of all the criminal accusations strongest manner; and declares of her future life shall fully her enemies.

The above lady is to have a year from England, while

May 14. The Queen of Denmark on the early commencement observed, that since she was some consolation in being so far from the adversary. "her Majesty) to see Denmark to my conduct; whereas my best women that ever existed, obliquity lay heavy upon her, without the pleasure of a visit.

On the 29th of April Sir Lilloo Envoy, went again to the

and had a long conference with

A considerable sum, it is remitted to a great lady in present exigencies.

The Lord Hillsborough goes to present summer, immediately.

On Tuesday, by order of his Commissions passed the Great Seal Townsend, Lord Lieutenant declare the Royal Agent to other bills, viz. An act for Justice, by reason of privilege all for remitting of punishments, by the Justices of his King's Bench, to the place committed; an act for encouraging timber trees; and for preventing shrubs and roots, &c.

Several capital paintings, fine busts, which were made by His Royal Highness

S and Son,
England,
table for the Season ;
immediately from the
most reasonable Terms,
Fly-Market, lately
—themselves

SON,
SAMSON,
UPAR, Master ;
Murray's Wharf.
immedations for Pac-
he dispatched in a
great part of her
on board. For
n, Samuel Franklin,

43 46

, July 27, 1772.
am Bolton, a notorious
common prostitute ;
ed against her by several
a cart, and after-
whipping post, and is
is about five feet two
hair, and has a child
ge. The said Bolton
et 2 inches high, of a
Had in a highish
as far as I am in-
rengt the country, es-
tens to his wife,
a lawfully married to
son of his Gentry.
Capt. Sharen, seven
the people pursued after
wife stole 35 yards of
England. And like-
e Neck the 1st of
apprehends the said
and delivers them to
ars reward, and all
ARAH BOLTON.
wishes them in any of his
widow Dougles, back
be instituted to the a-

ing,
STORIES,
makes
and paste
ping paper, different
ets and sizes

ices, at his store in
he gives the best
tir quality and fine-

paper and other ar-
to this country
foot out to purchase
those who realy wish
of this country in
it is closely connect-
about a constant care
linen rags, which
as such, tho' they
factory, which can-
sufficiency of rags,
ed here and sent to
ries have been sup-
his material article
ought proper to pro-
posed a due regard
uhabitants of this
themselves, pre-
given to journey.
33 —

aged, have erected a
hour, on Long-Island,
mer, and once a Fort-
lets cut from Brook-
in the Afternoon
at Samuel Nicolls,
will be ready for
any them to Epistles
gs. Passengers ; and
George's Manor ; and
ence for Sag Harbor,
ry all Passengers to
fied in the different
Governments, to carry
are at full.

43, each Person.
45.
ven's, 45.
dura's, 45.

conveyed 110 Miles
Waggon, and meet with
Waggon shall come once
UEL NICOLLS,
JAMIN HAYLNS,
MAN FORDHAM,
CROOKED HORN
E ;
than Breadth
roportion.

Letters from Saintonge bring an account of dread-
ful ravages committed in the environs of St. Jean

THE NEW-YORK JOURNAL, &c. No. 1545.

701

[Left out of our last for want of Room.]

L O N D O N .

May 7. They write from Paris of the 4th ult. that the Prince of Brunswick Wolfenbuttel has just entered into the Emperor's service as Colonel of horse.

The minority, in either house, seldom call the question, unless when they are sure of a considerable division. They do not think it wise to betray their own weakness. The Lord Mayor has not followed this prudent maxim. He has gone up to St. James's with only two aldermen. This step, we hear, has given great offence to the ministry, who begin to entertain a very unfavourable opinion of his Lordship's intellects.

The courtiers talk with raptures of the splendor of the drawing room on the King's birth-day. Where is the wonder, when his Majesty kept above 200 noblemen, and 500 gentlemen, with their families, in town, chiefly for that purpose?

Nothing can be more unreasonable than to blame Mr. Garrick for keeping his actors together at Drury-lane beyond the usual season. In this he only imitates his royal master, who keeps his actors together in St. Stephen's chapel. And the one set of actors, sure, is as good as the other.

May 11. They write from Leghorn, that a conspiracy had been discovered at Cagliari, the capital of Sardinia, in which 500 persons were concerned, but the Viceroy being informed of it, hung up the leaders, and dispersed it.

It is reported that the Senate of Genoa, in pain for the safety of their republic, from the repeated encroachments of the French and Spaniards, have applied to the Courts of Great Britain and Turia for assistance.

Some letters from the Hague mention, that the States General have lately presented a very spirited memorial to the Spanish Court, touching the Capture of two Dutch vessels from Coracoa on the high seas by a Spanish man of war some months ago.

A correspondent says, it is not the Queen of Denmark whom Prince Ernest of Mecklenburg is to marry, that Prince having obtained leave to marry at this Court a fair one of exalted birth, as soon as her present unhappy and unequal marriage can be dissolved.

A dukedom has been offered to Lord Guildford, but Lord North greatly said, that he was nobly rewarded for what he had hitherto done, and would, with the King's permission, decline that instance of his goodness, till he had earned it by further services to his country.

By the mail which arrived yesterday we have certain accounts, that another most capital house in Cadiz has failed there, to the amount of three millions of dollars.

The Queen of Denmark has written a most affecting letter to the King, asserting her innocence of all the criminal accusations against her in the strongest manner; and declaring that the strictness of her future life shall fully refute the slander of her enemies.

The above lady is to have an allowance of 5000l. a year from England, while she remains abroad.

May 14. The Queen of Denmark lately disengaging on the early commencement of her misfortunes, observed, that since she was born to suffer she found some consolation in being so soon marked out by the hand of the adversary. "I may possibly live (said her Majesty) to see Denmark disengaged with respect to my conduct; whereas my poor mother, one of the best women that ever existed, died while the load of obloquy lay heavy upon her, and went to the grave without the pleasure of a vindicated character.

On the 29th of April Sir Murray Keith, the British Envoy, went again to the castle of Kronenburgh, and had a long conference with Queen Matilda.

A considerable sum, it is said, has been privately remitted to a great lady in the north, to serve her present exigencies.

The Lord Hillsborough goes again to Ireland the present summer, immediately on the rising of Parliament.

On Tuesday, by order of his Majesty in Council, Commissions passed the Great Seal, authorizing Viscount Townshend, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to declare the Royal Assent to the following amongst other bills, viz. An act for preventing delays of justice, by reason of privilege of parliament; an act for remitting of prisoners, with their indictments, by the Justices of his Majesty's Court of King's Bench, to the place where the crimes are committed; an act for encouraging the growth of timber trees; and for preventing the destroying of buds and roots, &c.

Several capital paintings, curious engravings, and fine busts, which were made a present to his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester by the Pope, were on Tuesday landed here from Italy.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester has sent over as a present to the Prince of Wales, a set of little ponies, to draw his Royal Highness in a chariot; they were purchased in Italy, and are judged to be the smallest and most curious horses ever seen in England.

Letters from Saintonge bring an account of dreadful ravages committed in the environs of St. Jean

d'Angeli by mad wolves, and that several persons bitten by them have died raving mad.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman, near Cartmore, (North-Britain) to his friend, dated May 14.

"As an account of the very melancholy accident, which happened here, a few days since may not have reached you, I have collected the following particulars, and can assure you they are strictly true: Young Mr. M'Lean, who, since you left us, has had the advantage of a liberal education, and his father considerable addition to his fortune, was just on the point of being married to the lovely Miss Jessey M'Leod; on the eve of the unfortunate wedding-day, when he had just parted with his dear girl, and retired to sup with a select party of friends, where several hours passed in the most agreeable manner, till elevated with liquor, and some dispute arising between Mr. M'Lean and Mr. Cameron, an old grudge, which has subsisted between the families for upwards of sixty years, was revived; every word was a fresh aggravation; Mr. Cameron publicly gave the lie; on which Mr. M'Lean insisted on immediate satisfaction, which Mr. Cameron promised to give him as soon as it was light; the company wished to reconcile them, but found it impossible; and so exasperated was Mr. Cameron, at some aggravating speeches made use of by his antagonist, that he most solemnly swore, his trusty claymore should be dyed red with the heart's blood of M'Lean; that fatal morning came, both went to the appointed place; Mr. M'Lean, with the politeness of a gentleman, offered to exchange pistols, but Cameron bid him keep his distance, or by God, says he, I will save you the trouble of discharging, by cutting you in two; M'Lean retreated a little, and then defied his antagonist to fire, which he immediately did, and the ball unfortunately entered his temple just above the eye, blew off the upper part of the skull, and left him dead upon the ground. The situation of this family cannot be described, the father is inconsolable, and the mother deprived of her senses. A simple girl carried the melancholy tidings to the once lovely Jessey, who, alas! is now no more; on the first intimation she was deprived of her reason, which soon returning, she was seized with successive fits, and died in three days. Cameron has fled."

B O S T O N, July 20.

On Tuesday last the Representatives of the people of this Province, in a full Assembly and only one dissentient, passed a humble petition and remonstrance to the King, praying that his Majesty would be graciously pleased to take into his consideration, the grievances which his subjects in America labour under, by reason of the acts of Parliament for raising a revenue without their consent. In this petition the making provision for the support of Government independent of the General Assembly, by virtue of the acts aforesaid, is set forth as a grievance which threatens the ruin of the constitution.

N E W P O R T, July 27.

Last Wednesday eve night, at the anniversary commencement of Harvard College, at Cambridge, 48 students received the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and 33 the degree of Master, and honorary degrees were conferred on several other Gentlemen.

At an Inferior Court held at East-Greenwich last week, Messrs. Jacob Greene and Co. obtained judgment for £ 295, lawful money, against Lieutenant Duddington, late of the schooner Gaspee, for taking a freight boat with a quantity of rum and sugar in Narragansett Bay, and carrying the same to Boston, which rum, &c. was only transporting from East-Greenwich in this colony, to this town. Mr. Duddington has appealed to the next Superior Court.

T O B E S O L D,

A Few Casks of excellent bottled PORTER, just arrived from London, in the Ship Samson, Captain Coupar. Inquire of Mr. Lewis, Tavern-keeper, between Beckman's and Burling's-Slip, or of the Printer.

43 66

General Post-Office, New-York, July 8, 1772.

N O T I C E is hereby given, that for the commercial interest of the inhabitants on both sides of Hudson's River, the Albany Post is order'd to ride alternately on each side of the said River; setting out from hence to, and returning from Albany one Week on the East Side, and the next Week on the West Side.

By Command of the Deputy Post-Master General,

ALEXANDER GOLDEN, Sec'y.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

R UN away from the subscriber, near the New Dutch church, New-York, two Irish servant women, the one named Ann Miller, of a swarthy complexion, black hair, and a black beard on her upper lip, about twenty five or thirty years old; had on when she went away, a black petticoat, and a flowered linen bed gown, with the flowers wash'd almost white, a white linen handkerchief about her neck, and took with her a blue and white small striped linen gown, a blue and white broad striped homespun petticoat, blue worsted stockings, and old leather shoes.—The other Elizabeth Curry, about eighteen years old, of a fair complexion, freckled in the face, fair hair, had on a broad blue and white homespun petticoat, and a cotton bed gown, of a red ground, a diamond figure, a dark checkered silk handkerchief about her neck, no cloak, hat, or cap on her head; and took with her a common India linen gown, black and reddish brown spotted figure with small check aprons each, leather shoes and some other things. 'Tis supposed they went off with Mr. Henry Ulrichs two nailers, that went off the same time towards Kingsbridge, or the iron works in the Jerseys. Any person that will apprehend the said runaways, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid them; and all persons are forewarned not to harbour or conceal them, or any master of vessels to carry them off, at their peril.

ALEXANDER LESLIE.

Just imported and to be SOLD by

GREG, CUNNINGHAM, and Co.
A large Assortment of IRISH LINENS.

from 18d. to 8s. Currency per Yard:
T HEY have also for sale, calicoes, taffetas, Persians,
Manchester checks, velvets, garters, bed curtains,
Scotch handkerchiefs, lawns, tartans, copper sheets and
bottoms of all sizes; English canvas, No. 1 to 8 Russia
duck, Bristol bottle and cider, pepper, white stone
and Queen's ware in crates, writing paper, shot, Dutch
sesame, Irish sheeting.—And a few barrels of oatmeal.

L I K E W I S E

Irish Beef, Pork and Butter. 43 46

C H E A P F O R C A S H ,
C O U N T R Y P R O D U C E , o r S H O R T C R E D I T , b y

J O H N W A T S O N ,

At his Store, in Horse and Cart-Street, next Door to Mr. Abram De la Noy's, the following Articles, viz.

SUPERFINE yard wide	Irish sheeting and dowlas
Irish linen	Ravens duck and ozanburge
Coarse yard wide, and 7-8 ditto	Superfine and coarse broad cloths
Cambricks and lawns	London brown and York- shire plains
Cat-guts, gauses & minio- ettes	Knap and other sorts of drop plains
Damask table-cloths and clouting diaper	Wiltons, coating and duffles
Chintzes, cottons, calicoes, and copper-plate printed linens	Pickeens, cantaloons and can- toons
Durants, tammies, calaman- cos, and double fold stuff.	Velvets, superfine and hair shags
Silk Damascos & do. Lovetto.	Nankeens and breeches pat- terns
Striped plain cambrics and grasses	Drillings and flannels
Striped and flowered kenting handkerchiefs.	Ratinets, shalloons and buck- rams
Black and coloured Barcelona and Collage ditto	Buttons, mohair and sewing silk
Plain gauze ditto	Scotch threads and coloured silk
Printed cotton and check do.	Mens silk, cotton, thread and worsted stockings
Apron yard wide and 7-8 cotton and linen checks	Bohea tea
Plaid and laid cravats	White and brown sugar, &c.

41-45

J O H N C. K N A P P ,
A T T O R N E Y A T L A W , & C. B. R.

At his OFFICE in BROAD-STREET :
CONSTANTLY attends, and on the usual easy Fees gives
the most candid Opinion and Advice, as well in all
Cases of Law and Equity, as on Wills, Deeds, and other
Writings, strictly agreeable to the Letter of the Law, and
such plain Reasons laid down in Support thereof, as to give
the desired Satisfaction, and thereby prevent the commencing
or defending those Suits, which only can be productive of
Trouble and Expence, many Times to Persons in low Circum-
stances utter Ruin.

Writings and Conveyances of every Kind, drawn effectually
to answer the Purpose intended, the Charge thereof will at all
Times be governed by Circumstances:—And many little ne-
cessary Instruments, brought within the Compass of One
Dollar.

Letters of Attorney, Certificates, and other Papers perfected
under the City Seal, or otherwise, as the Case may re-
quire:—Debts recovered at most Times without Law; and
Persons assisted to recover their Property in England, or other
distant Parts.

Executors and Administrators advised and instructed in the
due Execution of their Office, whereby to avoid the great
Trouble and Expence which frequently happens from the
Want of Knowledge therein.

Sea-faring Men, and other Strangers, who often meet with
Difficulty in Matters not altogether relative to the Law, will
be particularly assisted.—Many have experienced the essential
Difference, between settling little Differences in an ami-
able Manner, to carrying them into Law, where Loss of
Time, great Expence, and long Uneasiness of Mind, are the
attendant Consequences.

Those Persons who please to favour this Office, in
lending out their Money, may depend a due Regard will at
all Times be paid to their Interest.—And as the real Utility
of a publick Office like this, depends on Punctuality, the
most immediate Dispatch of Business, and giving easy Access
to the Commonwealth, in Point of Fees, &c. those Requisites
shall be duly observed, by the Publick's

Much obliged, and very obedient Servant,
23d July, 1772. JOHN C. KNAPP.

To be sold for Want of EMPLOY,

A LIKELY middle aged Negro WENCH, who can wash,
iron, spin, sew, and do all manner of house work, and
is a pretty good cook. Inquire of the printer. 43 45

B Y virtue of a writ issued out of the court
of chancery for this province of New-York, dated
the 23d day of June instant, and to me directed, com-
manding me to make sale of all that certain messuage, or
dwelling house, and lot of ground thereto belonging,
situate, lying and being in the city of Albany, on the south
side of the street commonly called and known by the name of
Jonker's-street, bounded on the west by the house and lot
formerly of Peter Van Brough, deceased, then belonging to
James Stevenson; on the south by the Lutheran burying
ground; on the east by the passage or lane between the said
house and ground, and the house and ground late of Col-
onel John Schuyler, containing in breadth in front and rear
8 foot and 7 inches, and in length on the east side 95 foot
4 inches, and in length on the west side 203 foot and a
half, all wood measure. Which said messuage, or dwelling-
house, and lot of ground, has by the said court been decreed
to be sold at public vendue, on a bill of complaint, exhib-
ited in the said court by Levius Clarkson, complainant,
against Robert Rogers, defendant, for foreclosing the equity
of redemption of the said premises, and to return the monies
arising by such sale, into the said court, on the 30th day
of January next. This is therefore to give notice, that
I shall, in obedience to the said writ, expose to sale the said
messuage, or dwelling-house, and lot of ground, so decreed
to be sold, at public vendue, at the City-Hall of the
city of Albany, on the 9th day of January next, at eleven
of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. Dated this
23d day of June, 1772. HENRY TEN EYCK, Jun.
Sheriff of the city and county of Albany.

43 46

GENUINE LISBON WINE
In Pipes and Quarter Casks,
To be SOLD by
JOHN LONG,
Near the BATTERY, or by
SHAW & LONG,
At their STORE, between Burling and Beckman's Slips;
Who have IMPORTED,
In the Snow Peggy, Captain Cummings, from Liverpool,
and the last Vessel from England.

A LARGE and general assortment of earthen and glass ware, which they will dispose of, wholesale or retail, on such terms as, they doubt not, will give satisfaction to the purchaser; likewise the following articles:

Madeira wine,	pipes, quar-	Spirits
Tenerif wine,	ter casks, or	Rum
Claret	dozen	Brandy
Arrack	in bottles	Grenada
Porter by the hamper or dozen		Honey, green, and bohea tea
Double and single refined loaf sugar		Coffee
Lump ditto		Chocolate
Muscovado ditto		Best French ball whiting, for white-washing.

N. B. Empty QUART BOTTLES in 12 dozen hampers, at fifty shillings per hamper. 43 46

WATCHES, HORIZONTAL, REPEATING, or PLAIN; CLOCKES, ASTRONOMICAL, MUSICAL.

IS any ingenious Artificer (of Spirit) within 200 Miles, capable of making either, or a Thing in Imitation of either? tho' 'tis not worth a Dollar, 'twill be a wonderful Rarity.

Mr. SIMNET boasts with Gratitude the abundant Favours of the Gentry, &c. in Town and Country, which surpass Expectation, and enable him to continue to reduce the Price of mending Work, which is very—very high.

Glaſſe's Springs or Chains 6s. or 8s. Cleaning 2s. every particular Article in repairing at HALF Price, by

J. SIMNET, WATCH-FINISHER, and Manufacturer, of London.

At the Black Dial, with a White Face, the low Shop, above the Coffee House Bridge, New-York. 39

WILLIAM DEANE, Coachmaker,
INFORMS the publick in general, and his customers in particular, that he carries on his business as usual, in Broad street, where he makes all sorts of coaches, landaus, phæton, curricles, chairs and chaises; likewise all sorts of harness and saddlers work, as also painting, gilding and jannining in the neatest and most elegant manner.—And as he finishes all carriages whatever in his own shop, without applying to any other, he is likewise determined to make them as good, sell them as cheap, and be as expeditious as there is a possibility; and to convince the publick of the truth of what he affirms, he will make any piece of work that is required, equal to any imported from England, and will sell it at the prime cost of that imported, by which means those who are pleased to favour him with their custom will save the freight, insurance, and the expences naturally attending in putting the carriages to rights after they arrive. And as a further inducement, he will engage his work for a year after it is delivered, that is, if any part given way or fails by fair usage, he will make it good at his own expence. Those advantages cannot be obtained on carriages imported. He has now a considerable stock of the best of all materials fit for making carriages.—For the above reasons, he most humbly requests the encouragement of the publick, which will be most gratefully acknowledged by him.

Said DEANE paints and repairs all manner of old work very reasonably; and has for sale, just finished, a new phæton, and four new chairs. 39 64

LITTLE BERN-ISLAND.

To be sold at public Auction, on Wednesday the 23d of September next, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchant's Coffee-House, in the City of New-York;

THAT very valuable Island, called Little Bern-Island, belonging to the estate of Mr. St. George Talbot, deceased, situate opposite to New-Harlem church, in the out-ward of this city, containing upwards of one hundred acres of land and meadow; the land is very good, and produces excellent grain of all sorts; the orchard abounds with good apples for market or cider, of which fifty barrels may be made yearly; a large quantity of the best of English hay may be annually cut, and an immense quantity of salt hay can be made, sufficient to supply the whole neighbourhood, who come to take it off the meadows at their own expence: It has a great advantage of manure from the sedge which lodges on the shore, of which hundreds of loads may be taken up, at no expence: It abounds with wild fowl, as ducks, geese, pigeons, quails, &c. in their season, and has the advantage of a fine seine fishery, and black fish, oysters, lobsters, &c. There is on it a large house with four very convenient rooms on a flour, and a large entry, a very good barn, in good repair, a well, and a very fine spring of water, and a house near the landing fit for an overseer; being in the vicinity of New-York, the produce may be brought to the Fly-market with the tide of ebb, and the flood will waft the craft home. This most valuable place, with little expence, may be made an agreeable seat for a gentleman, or a profitable one for a farmer; the purchaser to take possession the 23d day of March next.

On Wednesday the 23d of September next, at 12 o'clock, at the same place, will be sold at public action, that most excellent Farm at King's-Bridge, now in the possession of Mr. Sampson Dyckman, and the meadows thereunto belonging, with the large house, barn, kitchen, and all other improvements; it has very good garden and orchard with the best of fruits, such as apples, pears, &c. and is the most frequented and noted house on this island for traveller's who pass Prince's-Bridge; it has the advantage of mowing a large quantity of salt hay, &c. in the spring time; it abounds with most excellent bass, shad and herrings, and crabs and oysters; most part of the year are caught in great abundance; in short it is the most convenient spot for a tavern-keeper to make his fortune in a few years, of any on this island; the purchaser may take possession the first of October next.

Conditions of sale for both the above places, may be seen at JOHN LIVINGSTON's, in Broad-street.

New-York, 14th July, 1772. 43

NOEL and HAZARD

Have this day imported, in the Samson, Captain Coupar, from London,

A LARGE assortment of books and stationary ware; family bibles, very neat pocket bibles, and common prayer Books, elegantly bound in red, blue, and green morocco, with a set of fine cuts lately engraved by Ravenet, Grignion, and others; also cheap bibles and testaments, with a variety of small histories, and other books, suitable for country stores.

The new PUBLICATIONS are:

THE second Volume of Junius's Letters; Moor's Practical Navigator; Buchanan's Plan for an English Grammar School Education; Baretti's Introduction to the European Languages; Hurd's Introduction to the Study of the Prophecies; The Life of Theodore Agricola; Erskine's Scripture Songs; Guillet's Synopsis; A Tour to London, or new Observations on England; Northcote's Anatomy; Stoddale's Antiquities of Greece; The Beauties of English Prose; Monro on the Drapery; Cowley's Select Works; Duncan on Mercury; Madam Riccoboni's Letters; from the French.

They have likewise just opened the following: Tissot on Health, ditto on Onanism, Whytt on the Nerves, Dimsdale on Inoculation, Barclay's Apology, Mosheim's Ecclesiastical History, the Book of Homilies, Greenwood's Royal English Grammar, the World displayed, the Wonders of Art and Nature, Douglass's Summary, Cooper's complete Distiller, &c. &c. &c.

Also, Papier Machée, Message, Visiting, and Compliment Cards.

N. B. Just come to Hand from Philadelphia, the Third Vol. of Blackstone's Commentaries, for which the Subscribers are desired to send. 33 46

JAMES RIVINGTON

Has imported in the Ship Samson, Captain Coupar, which arrived on Monday, from London.

THE second and last Volume of Junius's Letters.

A Tour to London, by Groby Dr. Hurd on the Prophecies, and his elegant edition of Abraham Cowley's Works.

Northcote's Anatomy; Riccoboni's Letters.

The Life of D'Aubigny; Goldsmith's Roma and English Histories; Gibbs's Morris, and other Books on Architecture.

The Edinburgh Medical Observations; The Marquis de Beccari on Punishments.

Bailey's Dictionary, a new Edition.

The American Negotiator.

Burke on the Sublime and Beautiful.

Wilton's Surveying.

Church, Family, and School Bibles, and Common Prayer-Books.

Whytt's Works—and on the Nerves.

The Circle of the Sciences.

Peregrine Pickle, Emily Montagu, and a Hundred other Novels.

Trifling Shandy, a cheap Edition.

Yorick's Sermons, and all Stern's imitable Writings.

Johnson's Dictionary.

Lord Kain's political Essays touching the Colonies, &c.

also his Elements of Criticism.

Judge Blackstone's Analysis and his Commentaries on the Laws of England.

Lord Lyttleton's Letters on the History of England.

Sheridan's Lectures on Elocution.

Young Misses' and young Ladies' Magazine.

Barrington's Observations on the Statutes.

Davis's, Forster's, Vernon's, and Strange's Reports, low priced.

A large Collection of Law Books, new and second hand, very cheap Editions.

The most excellent Gold Scales and Weights, corrected and warranted from the Bank, highly finished, Price 40s.

The Queen's Roppee and high toast snuff.

A parcel of fresh neat Gentlemen's Gloves.

An Assortment of playing Cards, unusually low priced.

With elegant Jewelry and Jewellers Articles, with Chapes, Tongues, Silver and Steel Top Thimbles, &c. &c.

Map of the World and Four Quarters, on Rollers, with a Variety of low priced Pictures for framing, and a complete Apparatus of every article for Drawing and Painting.

Books of Instructions and Ornaments for Painters, &c. &c.

All the Magazines to the time of shipping.

And a great Variety of other Articles, of which printed Catalogues will be soon delivered. 43 46

Wanted immediately,

A Young Man qualified to act as a Tutor in a Gentleman's Family.—Inquire at the Custom-House. 41 44

TO BE LET,

And enter'd upon immediately, furnished or unfurnished.

THREE genteel Rooms, one on the first and two on the second Floor, all fronting the Street, with Fire Places in two of them; and a Cellar adjoining: They are fit for a Merchant or Shop-keeper, and may be seen by applying to ABRAHAM COCK, Cooper, next Door to Mr. Jafer Drake, at Beckman's-Slip.

42 45

TO BE SOLD,

By HAYMAN LEVY,

In BAYARD-STREET,

A Choice parcel of beaver and old coat raccoon-skins, which can be sold very cheap, dear-skins, both Indian dress'd and in the hair, best brown martinskins, &c.

Russia sheeting and ravens duck.

Oli flints of the first sort, some bear-skins, with sundry other articles, as usual.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Harrison's Purchase, in the township of Rye, and county of Westchester, on the 19th day of July instant, a Negro man named PLATO, about twenty-eight years old, a black, short, thick fellow; has bad the small-pox: Had on and took with him, a homespun blue and white coat, a new felt hat and an old one, two new tow shirts, a pair of new long tow trousers, and two pair of old shoes. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him so that his master may have him again, shall receive Twenty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me

NATHAN FIELD.

43 46

NOTICE

is hereby given, that the Number of Tickets of the Second New-Castle Lottery, unfold in this City, is so inconsiderable, that they will be certainly sold by the First Day of August; And the Sale of the Tickets sent to other Places is so far advanced, that none will be returned for Sale here, after that Day; therefore such as intend to become Adventurers are desired to apply in Time, as it's positively determined to close the Sale here by the first of August.

New-York, July 13, 1772.

41 44

The SECOND NEW-CASTLE LOTTERY, On DELAWARE,

FOR raising the Sum of Three Thousand Six Hundred Pounds, New-York Currency for the Benefit of the United PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES in the City of New-York, the SECEDING CRURCH in the said City, and the PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH in Richmond County.

The SCHEME.

Number of Prizes.	Value of each.	Dollars.
2 Prizes	4000	is
1 Ditto	2000	are
2 Do.	1000	are
5 Do.	500	are
10 Do.	200	are
15 Do.	100	are
30 Do.	50	are
125 Do.	20	are
4180 Do.	10	are
		41800
4369 Prizes,		59800
7431 Blanks,		100
		100
First drawn,		100
Last drawn,		100

21,000 Tickets, at 5 Dollars each, are

Not one Blank and three Quarters to a Prize.

IT is with sincere Gratitude the United Presbyterian Congregations in the City of New-York, acknowledge the Favours of the Public in filling the late New-Castle Lottery, which is now finished with the greatest Exactness, and it is with great Reluctance this new Scheme is offered to their Friendship; but as the neat Proceeds arising to them from the first Lottery, fall short of their Debt more than One Thousand Pounds, and their old Church stands in Need of Repair, and their new Church not yet finished, it is hoped these pressing Necesities will apologize for their second Application to their Benevolence.

The Presbyterian Congregation in New-York, called Seeders, labour under so heavy a Debt incurred by building their Church, that they must shortly sink under the Weight of it, unless speedily relieved in this or some other Way; and the Congregation in Richmond County has not had the Ordinances of the Gospel administered among them in a stated Way, in the Manner their Consciences direct them to Worship the God of their Fathers, since their first Foundation, nor are they able to support them without considerable Assistance, which is requested in this Method.—These Considerations it is hoped will induce the Benevolent to encourage this new Scheme, which is still more advantageous to the Adventurers than the first, as there is not quite one Blank and three Quarters to a Prize, and the lowest Prizes are double the Value of the Ticket, which may draw Four Thousand One Hundred Dollars.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, who are to be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed, viz: George Monroe, Esq; David Finney, Esq; John Thompson, Esq; Nicholas Van Dyke, Esq; and Mr. Samuel Patterson, all of New-Castle County: And as there are a Number of Gentlemen of extensive Acquaintance and Influence who interest themselves in the Disposal of the Tickets, it is not doubted it will be completed by the first Day of August next, when the Drawing is to begin at the Town of New-Castle.

A List of the fortunate Numbers will either be published in the Boston, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New-York, Philadelphia, and Charles-Town News-Papers, or carefully sent to those Places; and the Prizes will be paid, subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. by Messrs. David Van Horne, Nathaniel Hazard, John Murray, William Neilson, Walter Buchanan, John Morton, Samuel Broome, and Co., and John Broome, Merchants in New-York; by Doctor John Cochran, in New-Brunswick; Robert Ogden, Esq; and Mr. J. Blanchard, Merchants in Elizabeth-Town; Messrs. Peter Collier, John Boyd, and John Mease, Merchants, in Philadelphia; and by proper Persons who shall hereafter be appointed in all the other capital Towns on the Continent.

TICKETS are to be had from the Managers, and from Doctor John McKinley, in Wilmington. Orders for Tickets left with any of the above named Gentlemen will be carefully forwarded.

41—

THIS is to certify the publick, that Bartly Clarke of South-Carolina, planter, having been afflicted with that terrible distemper the cancer, in my lip, for the space of fifteen years, under the care of several eminent physicians, which has cost me a large sum of money, but to no purpose, until I was recommended to that famous doctor Kemmena, now living in Maiden-Lane, in the city of New-York—by Capt. Charles Chadwick of New-London, who was cured of the like distemper by him, almost three years ago; all which time he was persuading me to apply to this doctor Kemmena, until I consented, and am now effectually cured; which was done in the space of four weeks, by the application of his famous plaster; in which time I have also been three different persons